ABN 35 023 657 150

Financial report for the year ended 30 June 2021

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your directors present this report on the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

Directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Norman Henstridge (since 22/4/2015)	Claire Treadgold (since 25/3/2015)
Rebecca Mussett (since 22/4/2015-12/3/2021)	Jennifer Howe (since 25/11/2015)
Jenny Hicks (since 22/4/2015)	Susan Williams (since 28/11/2018)

Garry Smith (since 19/5/2015)

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was to:

 Provide services to NDIS participants, people with a home care package, those eligible for the Community Home Support Program and those people choosing to purchase private services.

Short-term and Long-term Objectives

The company's short-term objectives were to:

- Understand, respond to and manage the implications of COVID-19.
- Continue to review and streamline business processes to better meet customer and business need
- Continue to adapt the company and its service offerings to maintain relevancy and value for customers and employees alike.

The company's long-term objectives are to:

- See independence and inclusion for the aged and people with a disability in our community
- Provide meaningful and purposeful activities for all customers to support the achievement of their identified goals
- Secure a sustainable future for Lifebridge that allows us to support our customers
- Review Lifebridge's position and develop strategies to increase its market share
- Develop a sustainable business around the NDIS and implementation of Home Care Packages

Strategies

To achieve its stated objectives, the company has adopted and continues to implement the following strategies:

- Ongoing organisational and business model design and restructure in response to external demands.
- Grow the customer base in both the aged care and disability marketplace.
- Continue to review, amend and design work structures that meet the needs of customers and Lifebridge.
- Continue to move toward an integrated business structure that reduces duplication and corporate overheads.
- Increase community awareness of Lifebridge services in order to build our reputation

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Key Performance Measures

The company measures its own performance through the use of both quantitative and qualitative benchmarks. The benchmarks are used by the directors to assess the financial sustainability of the company and whether the company's short-term and long-term objectives are being achieved.

- 1. We will grow and manage our customer base according to the approved targets.
- 2. Approved provider status under the Aged Care Act, accreditation under the Aged Care Quality and Safeguarding Commission and NDIS registration under the NDIS Quality and Safeguards Commission will be maintained
- 3. Financial performance delivered in accordance with approved budget.
- 4. Recruit and support skilled staff and volunteers
- 5. Strengthen the Lifebridge culture through the development and implementation of the Lifebridge Australia Ltd Advantage

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Information on Dire	ecto	rs
Norman Henstridge	e –	Chair from 28 November 2018, Director since 22 April 2015
Qualifications	-	Degree in Applied Science, an MBA from Queensland University and a Member of the AICD
Experience	_	Norm's background is in acute healthcare having worked in pathology, hospital administration radiology in the public and private sector, and commercial organisations. He retired from full time work in 2004 and has been undertaking health planning consulting work since then. A long-term assignment has been planning and managing a diagnostic cardiology service in
		Fiji in association with an Australian cardiologist. Norm is also on the Board of the Tweed Heads and Coolangatta RSL Sub-branch, having served as Treasurer for six years. In this role, he sees similar needs among the military veteran community as is served by Lifebridge in the general community. Norm was a Medical Corps officer in the Army Reserve for 15 years, retiring with the rank of Major.
	-	Appointed to the Board of Lifebridge East Inc. in 2014
Rebecca Mussett	-	Vice Chair from 28 November 2018 to 12 March 2021, Director since 22 April 2015
Qualifications	-	Masters of Business Administration (sub majors Health Management and Industrial Relations), Bachelor of Arts (majors in Classical Ancient History and Archaeology), Diploma in Frontline Management (Aged Care).
Experience	-	Rebecca has worked for nearly 20 years in the aged care and not for profit sector, primarily as General Manager or Chief Executive Officer of residential aged care facilities as well as Director of various companies and/or Boards. Rebecca held the position of Chief Executive Officer of Lifebridge Australia Ltd from 2011- 2014 until an opportunity to buy a business with her husband in May 2014 was too good to pass up! Now a very happy and settled small business owner.
	_	Appointed to the Board of Lifebridge East Inc. in 2014
Garry Smith	-	Director since 19 May 2015
Qualifications	-	Town Planning Certificate, Diploma in Business Administration (Local Government), Diploma in Financial Management (Local Government).
Experience	_	Garry's background is in Local Government Town Planning. He has worked at Maitland Council in the Hunter Valley, Leichardt Council in Sydney and at the Tweed Shire Council. Garry retired in 2008 after spending almost 43 years in this field and the last 20 years were predominately in Management positions that provided experience in governance, human resources, finance and legal matters associated with the field of town planning. Garry was made a Life Member of the Murwillumbah Apex Club in 1988 and is a member of the Murwillumbah Branch of the State Emergency Service.
	-	Appointed to the Board of Lifebridge East Inc. in 2010 (at that time named Tweed Valley Respite Services Inc.)
Information on Dire	ecto	rs (cont.)
Jenny Hicks	-	Director since 22 April 2015
Qualifications	-	Bachelor of Arts, Cert IV in Training and Assessment, Cert IV in Aged Care, Statement of Attainment in Aboriginal Cultural Education.

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Experience	A long-term resident of Byron Bay Jenny has held several community and voluntary roles in the town including school P&Cs, sporting and early childhood organisations. Jenny has over 20 years' experience in Tertiary Adult Education, particularly in the areas of Childcare, Aboriginal Health and Nursing with TAFE NSW, ACE and Southern Cross University. In her teaching role at TAFE NSW Jenny established and coordinated the Cert. III Aged Care/Nursing at Murwillumbah and Kingscliff and acted as head teacher of both Nursing and Child Studies at TAFE NSW. Training included Staff Selection, Conflict Resolution, Risk Assessment and Workplace Safety. One of Jenny's many achievements was coordinating and enabling a group of indigenous students to complete a state first Cert IV in Aboriginal Health, which included writing of the curricula. Jenny is also on the Board of the Tweed, Byron and Ballina Community Transport.
	 Appointed to the Board of Lifebridge East Inc. in 2005 (at that time named Tweed Valley Respite Services Inc.)
-	
Claire Treadgold	– Director since 25 March 2015
Qualifications	 PhD in Education, a Masters of Arts in Communications Bachelor of Arts and Graduate Diplomas in Educational Studies, Adolescent Health and Welfare (Oncology).
Experience	Claire has over twenty years' experience in non-profit management, with a particular focus in health and community services. As well as managing her own consulting business, she is the National Manager of Research and Evaluation for the Starlight Children's Foundation. Previously Claire was the General Manager of Operations and Services for the national charity CanTeen (the Australian Organisation for Young People Living with Cancer) and before that the national director of the YWCA's breast cancer support program, Encore. Claire has held a number of community and voluntary roles including as a member of the Cancer Australia National Reference Group, the Australian Government's Ministerial Advisory Committee on Mentoring, a Board Member of the Reg Waite Award for Young Australian Achievers and is the current Chair of the YWCA's national nominations committee.
	 Appointed to the Board of Lifebridge East Inc. in 2014.
Jennifer Howe	– Director since 25 November 2015
Qualifications	 Bachelor of Science (Psychology), Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (GAICD), Chartered Member of the Australian Human Resources Institute (CAHRI).
Experience	 Jennifer's commercial experience spans business development, operations, human resources and consulting. Jennifer has worked in Australia and Europe in strategic and operational HR management in a global IT company and a large commercialisation organisation. Jennifer is currently Head of Sales and Marketing for a national career management firm.
Information on Dire	ectors (cont.)
Susan Williams	 Director since 28 November 2018, Company Secretary appointed 25 March 2015
Qualifications	 Member Australian Institute of Company Directors (MAICD), Fellow Certified Practising Accountant (FCPA), Fellow Governance Institute of Australia (FGIA), Fellow Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (FCIS), Master of Business Administration (International Business), Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance, Bachelor of Arts (Accounting), Registered Tax Agent.
Experience	 Corporate Governance professional and non-Executive Director with experience in both disability and community housing since 2008. Executive career including CFO and Company Secretary roles with ASX, NSX and NASDAQ listed companies, as well as private and not- for-profit organisations across a range of industries.

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Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, 10 meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director/board member were as follows:

	Directors' Meetings		
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
Norman Henstridge	10	10	
Rebecca Mussett	6	4	
Garry Smith	10	10	
Jenny Hicks	10	8	
Claire Treadgold	10	10	
Jennifer Howe	10	10	
Susan Williams	10	10	
Claire Treadgold Jennifer Howe	10 10	10 10	

Members' Guarantee

The company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$10 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the entity. At 30 June 2021, the total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$70.00.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2021 has been received and can be found on page 7 of the financial report.

This directors' report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Gentude

Director: Norman Henstridge

_ GA

Director: Garry Smith

Dated this 4th

day of

November

2021

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER ACNC ACT S60-40 TO THE DIRECTORS OF LIFEBRIDGE AUSTRALIA LTD

In accordance with Subdivision 60-C of the Australian charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of Lifebridge Australia Ltd. As the lead audit partner for the audit of the financial statements of Lifebridge Australia Ltd for the year ended 30 June 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021 there have been no contraventions of:

i. the auditor independence requirements of the Australia Charities and Not for Profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and

ii. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Name of Firm: GRANT & BRADY

Peter Grant

Name of Partner: PETER R. GRANT

Date: 27/10/2021 Address: 107 Murwill

107 Murwillumbah Street MURWILLUMBAH NSW 2484

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE

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	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Revenue	2	10,740,046	9,064,919
Employee benefits expense	3	5,585,457	5,796,354
Program and related expenses		9,907	21,665
Plan Coordination/Management		-	-
Consultancy Fees		61,858	34,918
Office Expenses		348,260	380,083
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	79,938	103,945
Motor vehicle expenses		100,017	110,594
Rental expense	3	29,737	55,413
Insurance – general		46,714	37,029
Insurance – workers compensation		253,852	281,325
Marketing		13,819	16,888
Subcontractors		-	-
Items under \$5,000 expensed		11,504	277
Home care package costs		1,551,957	937,350
Other expenses		195,356	420,820
Administration (internal)	2 (b)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before income tax		2,451,670	868,258
Income tax expense		-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the year		2,451,670	868,258
Other comprehensive income			
tems that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year			-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		2,451,670	868,258
Profit/(Loss) attributable to members of the entity		2,451,670	868,258
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to members of the entity		2,451,670	868,258

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
	NOLE	\$	\$
ASSETS		Ψ	Ψ
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	4,935,746	2,511,856
Trade and other receivables	5	707,868	508,745
Financial assets	6	2,541,957	1,546,227
Other assets	7	47,812	35,320
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		8,233,383	4,602,148
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	8	653,291	736,903
Right of use asset	9	9	10
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		653,300	736,913
TOTAL ASSETS		8,886,683	5,339,061
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	10	3,463,175	2,307,359
Lease Liabilities		1	1
Provisions	11	445,849	395,617
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,909,025	2,702,977
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease Liabilities		8	9
Provisions	11	45,989	156,084
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		45,997	156,093
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,955,022	2,859,070
NET ASSETS		4,931,661	2,479,991
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		4,931,661	2,479,991
TOTAL EQUITY		4,931,661	2,479,991

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	Note	Retained Earnings	Financial Assets Reserve	Revaluation Surplus	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2019		1,611,733	-	-	1,611,733
Comprehensive income					
Profit/(Loss) for the year		868,258	-	-	868,258
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the entity for the year		868,258		-	868,258
Balance at 30 June 2020		2,479,991	-	-	2,479,991
Balance at 1 July 2020					
Comprehensive income		2,479,991			2,479,991
Profit/(Loss) for the year		2,451,670	-	-	2,451,670
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the		0.454.070			0 454 670
entity for the year		2,451,670	-	-	2,451,670
Balance at 30 June 2021	:	4,931,661	-	-	4,931,661

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipt from funding bodies, clients and brokerage		9,811,348	9,551,763
Receipts from government subsidies		2,115,150	593,000
Payments to funding bodies, clients, brokerage and ATO		(8,530,702)	(8,195,419)
Interest received		30,002	37,464
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		3,425,798	1,986,808
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of plant & equipment		5,327	15,000
Payments for plant, equipment & leasehold improvements		(11,504)	(5,002)
(Increase)/Decrease in Term Deposits		(995,731)	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities		(1,001,908)	9,998
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		2,423,890	1,996,806
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		2,511,856	515,050
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	4	4,935,746	2,511,856

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

Lifebridge Australia Ltd applies Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements as set out in AASB 1053: *Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards*.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012*. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 4/11/2021 by the directors of the company.

Accounting Policies

a. Revenue

When the entity receives operating grant revenue, it assesses whether the contract is enforceable and has sufficient specific performance obligations in accordance to AASB 15,

When both these conditions are satisfied, the Entity:

- identifies each performance obligation relating to the grant
- recognises a contract liability for its obligations under the agreement: and
- recognises revenue as it satisfies its performance obligations.

Where the contract is not enforceable or does not have sufficiently specific performance obligations, the Entity:

- recognises the asset received in accordance with the recognition requirements of other applicable accounting standards (for example AASB 9, AASB 16, AASB 116 and AASB 138);
- recognises related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liability, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liability arising from a contract with a customer); and
- recognises income immediately in profit & loss as the difference between the initial carrying amount of the asset and the related amount.

If a contract liability is recognised as a related amount above, the Entity recognises income in the profit or loss when or as is satisfies its obligations under the contract.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the client.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

Brokerage income is recognised upon invoicing to the client.

b. Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated, less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Freehold property

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

In periods when the freehold land and buildings are not subject to an independent valuation, the directors conduct directors' valuations to ensure the carrying amount for the land and buildings is not materially different to the fair value.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the revaluation surplus in equity. Revaluation decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of assets shall be recognised in other comprehensive income under the heading of revaluation surplus. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Freehold land and buildings that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost, are initially recognised and measured at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to its estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(d) for details of impairment).

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost, or for nominal cost, are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

The Board has approved the policy that only assets in excess of \$5,000 in value be capitalised. The Board has further approved the policy that all assets less than \$5,000 considered to be "valuable and attractive" (e.g. laptops, mobile phones, furniture etc) be recorded in a "Valuable and Attractive Assets Register".

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets, including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the asset's useful life to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings	2.5%
Plant and equipment	6.67% - 25%
Leasehold Improvements	10%
Motor Vehicles	10% - 18.75%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

c. Leases

Lifebridge Australia Limited as lessee

At inception of a contract an assessment is made to determine if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised where Lifebridge Australia Ltd is a lessee. However all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (lease with remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Initially the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate is used.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are fixed lease payments.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability as mentioned above, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date as well as any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset whichever is the shortest.

Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that Lifebridge anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Concessionary Leases

For leases that have significantly below-market terms and conditions principally to enable the Lifebridge Australia Ltd to further its objectives (commonly known as peppercorn/concessionary leases), the company has adopted the temporary relief under AASB 2018-8 and measures the right of use assets at cost on initial recognition.

d. Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss" in which case transaction costs are recognised immediately as expenses in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest method, or cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment, and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the *effective interest method*.

The *effective interest method* is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying amount with a consequential recognition of an income or expense item in profit or loss.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities other than financial guarantees are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset (or a group of financial assets) is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the written-off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance account.

When the terms of financial assets that would otherwise have been past due or impaired have been renegotiated, the company recognises the impairment for such financial assets by taking into account the original terms as if the terms have not been renegotiated so that the loss events that have occurred are duly considered.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the related obligations are discharged or cancelled, or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability, which is extinguished or transferred to another party, and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

e. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the entity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is an indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised in the profit or loss.

Where the assets are not held primarily for their ability to generate net cash inflows – that is, they are specialised assets held for continuing use of their service capacity – the recoverable amounts are expected to be materially the same as fair value.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued individual asset is identified, this is recognised against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that class of asset.

f. Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The company's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other long-term employee benefits

The company classifies employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements as other long-term employee benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. The company has calculated its provision for long service leave based on its statutory obligations under the Long Service leave act 1955. Australian Accounting Standard AASB119 has not been applied in calculating the long service provision. Upon the remeasurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in the profit or loss classified under employee benefits expense. Refer to Note 1(m)- Change in accounting method for additional disclosures relating to the provision for long service leave.

The company's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current liabilities in its statement of financial position, except where the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current liabilities.

Retirement benefit obligations

Defined contribution superannuation benefits

All employees of the company receive defined contribution superannuation entitlements, for which the company pays the fixed superannuation guarantee contribution (currently 9.5% of the employee's average ordinary salary) to the employee's superannuation fund of choice. All contributions in respect of employees' defined contribution entitlements are recognised as an expense when they become payable. The company's obligation with respect to employees' defined contribution entitlements is limited to its obligation for any unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions at the end of the reporting period. All obligations for unpaid superannuation guarantee contributions are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled and are presented as current liabilities in the company's statement of financial position.

g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

h. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST receivable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

i. Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the entity is exempt from income tax under Div 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

j. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

k. Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

m. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The Board evaluates estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

Key judgements

Provision for impairment of receivables

Lifebridge Australia Ltd applies a "best effort" principle to pursuing outstanding receivables. Lifebridge Australia Ltd is unable to refuse service for unpaid receivables in the context of current funding agreements.

Provision for depreciation

Assessments are made on the useful lives of fixed assets. Depreciation rates are set accordingly.

Provision for long service leave – Statutory Method Change in accounting method

The higher attrition rate for long serving employees of the past few has years caused a decrease in the probability that employees will complete the years of service required to qualify for leave. Therefore, ratios used in previous annual reports are no longer relevant.

The calculated liability for this financial year using revised probability ratios is \$155,551 and the statutory method gives \$187,113

As the probability method is materially lower than the statutory liability we have changed accounting policy to adopt the statutory liability basis for measuring the liability for Long Service Leave. The comparative figure for the 2020 year continues to be reported using the probability method. The 2020 probability method amount is \$277,037 and the statutory method amount is \$229,468.

n. Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

The company measures some of its assets and liabilities at fair value on either a recurring or non-recurring basis, depending on the requirements of the applicable Accounting Standard.

"Fair value" is the price the company would receive to sell an asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability in an orderly (ie unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from the principal market for the asset or liability (ie the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability). In the absence of such a market, market information is extracted from the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (ie the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset or minimises the payments made to transfer the liability, after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of liabilities and the entity's own equity instruments (if any) may be valued, where there is no observable market price in relation to the transfer of such financial instruments, by reference to observable market information where such instruments are held as assets. Where this information is not available, other valuation techniques are adopted and, where significant, are detailed in the respective note to the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

S S Funding Revenue - State funding - recurrent 0 (22,439) - Commonwealth funding - recurrent 2,157,907 2,053,23 - NDIS Funding 1,242,063 2,445,784 - Home Care Package Funding 4,890,130 2,977,368 8,290,100 7,506,036 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue - - - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - Brokerage – external - - - - - Brokerage – Disability - 359 - - - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 - - - Fees received 463,736 561,668 - - - - - Fees received 463,736 561,668 -			Note	2021	2020
Funding Revenue - (22,439) - Commonwealth funding - recurrent 2,157,907 2,105,323 - NDIS Funding 1,242,063 2,445,784 - Home Care Package Funding 4,890,130 2,977,368 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue - - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - Brokerage - external - - - - - Brokerage - Aged Care 23,463 53,145 - - - Brokerage - Aged Care 23,463 53,145 -				\$	\$
- State funding- recurrent - (22,439) - Commonwealth funding - recurrent 2,157,907 2,105,323 - NDIS Funding 1,242,063 2,445,784 - Home Care Package Funding 4,890,130 2,977,368 8,290,100 7,506,036 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue - - - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - - Brokerage - external - - - - - Brokerage - Disability - 359 - - - - Brokerage - Aged Care 23,463 53,145 - - - - Fees received 463,736 561,668 - - - - Fees received 28,189 37,464 - - - - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - - - - Gash flow boost 37,500	Reve	nue			
- Commonwealth funding – recurrent 2,157,907 2,105,323 - NDIS Funding 1,242,063 2,445,784 - Home Care Package Funding 4,890,130 2,977,368 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue - - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - Brokerage – external - - - Brokerage – Disability - 359 - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue 463,736 561,668 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Gash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 - 2,426,483 1,505,379	Fund	ing Revenue			
- NDIS Funding 1,242,063 2,445,784 - Home Care Package Funding 4,890,130 2,977,368 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue 2 (b) - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - Brokerage - external - - - Brokerage - Disability - 359 - Brokerage - Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue 463,736 561,668 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Grash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 - 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	State funding- recurrent		-	(22,439)
- Home Care Package Funding 4,890,130 2,977,368 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue 2 (b) - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - Brokerage - external - - - Brokerage - Disability - 359 - Brokerage - Aged Care 23,463 53,145 - 23,463 53,504 Other revenue 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 - 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Commonwealth funding – recurrent		2,157,907	2,105,323
Internal revenue 8,290,100 7,506,036 Internal revenue 2 (b) - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - Brokerage – external - - - Brokerage – Disability - 359 - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue 463,736 561,668 Interest received 28,189 37,464 Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379 1,505,379	-	NDIS Funding		1,242,063	2,445,784
Internal revenue 2 (b) - - Administration fees (charged to programs) 2 (b) - - Brokerage – external - - - - Brokerage – Disability - 359 - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue - Fees received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Home Care Package Funding		4,890,130	2,977,368
Administration fees (charged to programs) $2 (b)$ $ -$ Brokerage - external $ -$ Brokerage - Disability $ 359$ $-$ Brokerage - Aged Care $23,463$ $53,145$ $23,463$ $53,145$ $23,463$ $53,504$ Other revenue $-$ Fees received $463,736$ $561,668$ $-$ Interest received $28,189$ $37,464$ $-$ Jobkeeper subsidy $1,811,650$ $796,500$ $-$ Cther $85,408$ $47,247$ $-$ Other $2426,483$ $1,505,379$				8,290,100	7,506,036
Brokerage – external - - Brokerage – Disability - 359 - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue - Fees received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379 2,426,483 1,505,379	Interr	nal revenue			
- Brokerage – Disability - 359 - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue - Fees received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Administration fees (charged to programs)	2 (b)	-	-
- Brokerage – Disability - 359 - Brokerage – Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue - Fees received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379 2,426,483 1,505,379				-	-
- Brokerage - Aged Care 23,463 53,145 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 23,463 53,504 Other revenue 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379 2,426,483 1,505,379	Broke	erage – external			
23,463 53,504 Other revenue 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Brokerage – Disability		-	359
Other revenue 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Brokerage – Aged Care		23,463	53,145
- Fees received 463,736 561,668 - Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379				23,463	53,504
- Interest received 28,189 37,464 - Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379	Othe	r revenue			
- Jobkeeper subsidy 1,811,650 796,500 - Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Fees received		463,736	561,668
- Cash flow boost 37,500 62,500 - Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Interest received		28,189	37,464
- Other 85,408 47,247 2,426,483 1,505,379	-	Jobkeeper subsidy		1,811,650	796,500
2,426,483 1,505,379	_	Cash flow boost		37,500	62,500
	-	Other		85,408	47,247
Total revenue 10,740,046 9,064,919				2,426,483	1,505,379
	Tota	revenue		10,740,046	9,064,919

- (a) Brokerage external is internally generated revenue with a corresponding expense included in the "Brokerage paid" expense, disclosed in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The grossing up of this revenue and expense has no effect on the entity's profit. This amount is also included in the gross receipts and payments in the cashflow statement, but has no effect on the cash generated from operations.
- (b) There is a requirement to show the full amount of funding received based on the funding agreement. Subsequent treatment of administration charges inflates both expense and income categories. However, the net result is a true reflection of the business activity achievement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 NOTE 3: PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Non		Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
a.	Expenses			
	Employee benefits expense			
	 Employee benefits expense 		5,585,457	5,796,354
	Rental expense on operating leases		29,737	55,413
	Loss on sale of fixed assets		675	42,459
	Administration fees (charged to programs)	2 (b)	-	-
	Depreciation and amortisation:			
	 Buildings & Leasehold Improvements 		40,782	40,974
	 Plant and equipment 		39,156	62,971
	Total depreciation and amortisation		79,938	103,945
NOT	E 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
			2021	2020
			\$	\$
CUR	RENT			
Cash	at bank		4,934,246	2,510,356
Cash	on hand		1,500	1,500
			4,935,746	2,511,856

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

\$ \$ CURRENT 205,272 244,403 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - 10,753 Total trade receivables 205,272 233,650 Other receivables: 205,272 233,650 Other receivables: - - Sundry Debtors 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total current trade and other receivables 502,596 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT - Term deposits 1,546,227 - Term deposits 2 \$ CURRENT - 2020 \$		Note	2021	2020
Trade receivables 205,272 244,403 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts 10,753 Total trade receivables 205,272 233,650 Other receivables 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total current trade and other receivables 707,868 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT - - - Held to maturity financial assets - - - - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 - NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ CURRENT 2021 2020 \$ \$ Deposits - 4,000 \$ - Prepayments 47,812 31,320			\$	\$
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - 10,753 Total trade receivables 205,272 233,650 Other receivables: 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total current trade and other receivables 707,668 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT	CURRENT			
Total trade receivables 205,272 233,650 Other receivables: 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total other receivables 707,868 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT - - - Held to maturity financial assets - - - - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ CURRENT 2021 2020 \$ NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 \$ \$ CURRENT - - 4,000 Prepayments - 4,000 <td>Trade receivables</td> <td></td> <td>205,272</td> <td>244,403</td>	Trade receivables		205,272	244,403
Other receivables: 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total other receivables 707,868 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT - - Held to maturity financial assets - - - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT 2021 \$ \$ Deposits - 4,000 - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320 -	Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts		-	10,753
Sundry Debtors 502,596 275,095 Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total current trade and other receivables 502,596 275,095 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 S S 2021 2020 S S S S CURRENT - - 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2,541,957 1,546,227 S 2,541,957 1,546,227 S S S CURRENT 2021 2020 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 S S S CURRENT \$ \$ Deposits \$ \$ CURRENT - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320	Total trade receivables		205,272	233,650
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - - Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total current trade and other receivables 707,868 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT - Term deposits 1,546,227 - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 S CURRENT 2021 2020 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2,541,957 1,546,227 CURRENT 2,541,957 1,546,227 Deposits 6 \$ CURRENT 2021 \$ Deposits - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320	Other receivables:			
Total other receivables 502,596 275,095 Total current trade and other receivables 707,868 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT Held to maturity financial assets 5 - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2020 \$ \$ CURRENT 2020 \$ \$ Deposits - 4,000 \$ \$ Prepayments 47,812 31,320 31,320	Sundry Debtors		502,596	275,095
Total current trade and other receivables 707,868 508,745 NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT Held to maturity financial assets - - - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT 2021 2020 \$ Deposits - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320	Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts		-	-
NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ CURRENT	Total other receivables		502,596	275,095
2021 2020 \$ \$ CURRENT	Total current trade and other receivables		707,868	508,745
\$ \$ CURRENT Held to maturity financial assets - - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT \$ \$ \$ Prepayments - 4,000 \$ \$	NOTE 6: FINANCIAL ASSETS			
CURRENT Held to maturity financial assets - Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2021 2020 \$ \$ CURRENT \$ Deposits - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320			2021	2020
Held to maturity financial assets 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ CURRENT \$ \$ \$ Deposits - 4,000 47,812 31,320			\$	\$
- Term deposits 2,541,957 1,546,227 2,541,957 1,546,227 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT	CURRENT			
2,541,957 1,546,227 NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT	Held to maturity financial assets			
NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS 2021 2020 \$ \$ \$ CURRENT - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320	 Term deposits 		2,541,957	1,546,227
2021 2020 \$ \$ CURRENT - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320			2,541,957	1,546,227
\$ \$ CURRENT - 4,000 Deposits - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320	NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS			
CURRENTDeposits-4,000Prepayments47,81231,320			2021	2020
Deposits - 4,000 Prepayments 47,812 31,320			\$	\$
Prepayments 47,812 31,320	CURRENT			
	Deposits		-	4,000
47,812 35,320	Prepayments		47,812	31,320
			47,812	35,320

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 8: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Plant and Equipment		
Plant and equipment at cost	664,694	724,070
Less accumulated depreciation	(510,676)	(527,222)
Total plant and equipment	154,018	196,848
Leasehold Improvements		
Leasehold improvements (to council property – Kingscliff)	964,690	964,690
Accumulated amortisation	(465,417)	(424,635)
Total leasehold improvements	499,273	540,055
Total property, plant and equipment	653,291	736,903

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Plant and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2021			
Balance at the beginning of the year	196,848	540,055	736,903
Additions at cost	-	-	-
Additions at fair value	-	-	-
Disposals	(3,674)	-	(3,674)
Depreciation expense	(39,156)	(40,782)	(79,938)
Carrying amount at the end of the year	154,018	499,273	653,291

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 8: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment includes motor vehicles with a carrying value of \$80,049 (2020: \$95,929)

Leasehold improvements (the 'cottage' at Kingscliff)

Lifebridge Australia Ltd has an agreement with the Council whereby it is responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of property at Kingscliff, used for the provision of aged care services. Lifebridge Australia Ltd has negotiated a 20 year peppercorn lease of \$1 annually with the Council, expiring on 31 August 2032.

NOTE 9: RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

Concessionary lease

A concessionary lease with Tweed Shire Council was recognised as a Right of Use Asset. The permitted use of the property is for offices and respite care to further the company's objects. The Company may not use this space for any other purpose during the lease term without prior consent of the Council. The lease payments are \$1 per annum. The lease commenced on 1 September 2012 and terminates on 11 August 2032.

This lease is measured at cost in accordance with the Entity's accounting policy as outlined in Note 1.

The Entity is dependent on this lease to further its objectives. Without this concessionary lease, it would be expensive to provide the services provided by Lifebridge Australia Ltd due to high market rates in this area. More information on the concessionary leases are available as described in Note 1(c).

i) AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the balance sheet

Right of use assets

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Leased Building	9	10
Total Right of Use Asset	9	10

ii) AASB 16 related amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss

		2021	2020
		\$	\$
Short-term lease expense		60,813	151,402
NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
CURRENT			
Trade payables	10a	74,232	33,191
Deferred income		2,878,050	1,731,084
Other current payables		510,893	543,084
		3,463,175	2,307,359

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as trade and other a.

payables

Trade and other payables:			
 total current 		3,463,175	2,307,359
Less: deferred income		2,878,050	1,731,084
Less: other payables		510,893	543,084
Financial liabilities as trade and other payables	16	74,232	33,191
NOTE 11: PROVISIONS			
		2021	2020
		\$	\$
CURRENT			
Provision for employee benefits: annual leave		304,724	274,664
Provision for employee benefits: long service leave		141,125	120,953
		445,849	395,617
NON-CURRENT			
Provision for employee benefits: long service leave		45,989	156,084
		45,989	156,084
Total Provisions		491,838	551,701
NOTE 11: PROVISIONS			
	Emplo	yee Benefits	Total
		\$	\$
Analysis of total provisions:			
Opening balance at 1 July 2020		551,701	551,701
Additional provisions raised during year		300,494	300,494
Amounts used		(360,357)	(360,357)

Provision for Employee Benefits

Balance at 30 June 2021

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based upon historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefits have been discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

491,838

491,838

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 12: CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

		2021	2020
		\$	\$
0	perating Lease Commitments		
	on-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not recognised in the ancial statements		
Pa	ayable – minimum lease payments:		
-	not later than 12 months	31,534	29,430
-	later than 12 months but not later than five years	47,304	86,721
_	Later than 5 years	6	7
		78,844	116,158

- a) property situated at Cudgen Road, Kingscliff for the period 1/9/2012 to 31/8/2032.
- b) laptops for the period 1/1/2021 to 31/12/2023

NOTE 13: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The directors are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

NOTE 14: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity is considered key management personnel.

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel (KMP) of the company during the year are as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Key management personnel compensation	462,223	451,475

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE 15: OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel individually or collectively with their close family members.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other persons unless otherwise stated.

A business owned by a Director of the Company, Susan Williams provides company secretarial services to Lifebridge. The terms and conditions are no more favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect Lifebridge would have adopted if dealing at arm's length with an unrelated person. The Company paid \$12,793.40 to Biz-Point Governance for services provided during the year.

NOTE 16: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term investments, accounts receivable and payable, and leases.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	4,935,756	2,511,856
Trade and other receivables	5	707,868	508,745
Held-to-maturity investments	6	2,541,957	1,546,227
Total financial assets		8,185,581	4,566,828
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
 trade and other payables 	10a	74,232	33,191
– Lease liabilities		9	10
Total financial liabilities		74,241	33,201

NOTE 17: ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

Lifebridge Australia Ltd is dependent upon Commonwealth funding for the provision of aged care services and at the date of this report the Board of Directors has no reason to believe the government department referred to will not continue to support Lifebridge Australia Ltd, until June 2022. Lifebridge Australia Ltd also operates in the open market of the NDIS.

NOTE 18: CAPITAL EXPENDITURE COMMITMENTS

There was no capital expenditure contracted for, at the date of this report, but not recognised in the financial statements:

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DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Lifebridge Australia Ltd, the directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 8 to 27, are in accordance with the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and:
 - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
- 2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is signed in accordance with subs 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

endudre

Norman Henstridge Dated this 4th day of November 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIFEBRIDGE AUSTRALIA LTD

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Lifebridge Australia Ltd (the company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Lifebridge Australia Ltd has been prepared in accordance with Div 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the registered entity's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the registered entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110: *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the registered entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the registered entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIFEBRIDGE AUSTRALIA LTD

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the registered entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the registered entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Name of Firm: GRANT & BRADY

Peter Grant

Name of Partner:PETER R. GRANTDate:4/11/2021Address:107 Murwillumbah

4/11/2021 107 Murwillumbah Street MURWILLUMBAH NSW 2484